

McGill Daily

VOL. VII, No. 83.

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1918.

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Get Your Ticket for the Party Now

ARTS '19 MAN SENDS LETTER TO CLASSMATES

Oscar Bunt Pleased to Get Xmas Cards.

"Anxious to Get Across."

Has Been in England Over a Year With the Fifth Division.

The following letter from Oscar Bunt, formerly a member of Arts '19, now in England, with the 5th Canadian Divisional Signal Company, has been received by the secretary of the year in acknowledgment of Xmas remembrances sent by the class.

Witley Camp, Jan. 6, 1918.

Dear Fellow Classmates:— I was very much joyed to receive your kind Christmas remembrance a few days ago. It brings a revival of old time memories and pleasant associations of the past. Let me reciprocate your kind wishes and heartily wish you all a happy and prosperous future for the year before us.

I have been in England over a year now with the Fifth Division. Doubtless you all know the reason for us being held here for so long. We hope soon to go across, now that conscription has passed in Canada, and sufficient reinforcements are an assurance.

Sometimes we feel a little restless at being held in one place so long. Still we have little to complain of in the way of hardship. I have enjoyed myself very much this past summer. It is a beautiful country round about. I have explored all the lanes, and by-paths in the vicinity, and have bicycled all the roads for miles around. On one or two week-end leaves I have been able to get a little farther away, where I could explore some place of more than local interest. I have had two or three four-day furloughs, and have been able to see quite a number of the historically important places in this interesting Isle.

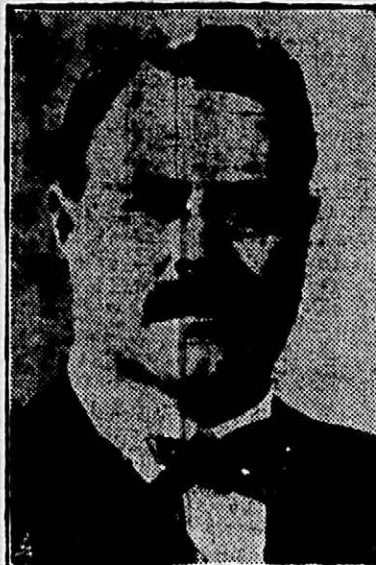
We had a most enjoyable Christmas this year, considering the place and circumstances. The military discipline relaxed considerably for a day or two. That alone was a boon. We had a very fine spread for Christmas dinner, including turkey, sausage and dressing, mashed potatoes, green peas, apple and mince pies, plum pudding, oranges, apples, dates and nuts. Tobacco and beer was also provided for those who cared for it.

Quite a number of the boys were given leave. Preference was given to those who had their wives or parents in this country. I had four days at New Year. I spent most of the time in London. I was able to see some of the best shows and pantomimes in the big city.

I met a gentleman one day who took me around and showed me a number of places mentioned in Dickens' books. Having quite a lot of spare time this summer, I have been able to read quite a few of the standard authors. It was therefore most interesting for me to have this opportunity, and I thoroughly enjoyed it.

I have received through an indirect channel a number of Dalles. I very much enjoy hearing of the accomplishments of the old classmates, and I trust that this year will be a successful and prosperous one for each and every member of the class. I am, as ever, one of the bunch,
 OSCAR BUNT.

WESTERN FOOD CONTROLLER



Mr. J. D. McGregor, of Brandon and Medicine Hat, Food Controller for the Western Provinces.

MORE RESULTS IN ARTS ARE ANNOUNCED

Mid-Term Exam. Results in Geology and Hebrew are Posted.

The following list of results of the mid-term examinations were posted yesterday afternoon in the Arts Building:

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY.—Course 1.

Class I.—McGregor and Rogers, equal; Cruikshank; Anderson; Macnaughton and Salomon, R., equal; Fritz and Swindlehurst and Young, equal; McGibbon and Mitchell, equal; Goodman and Lewis, equal; Kuhns and Livingstone, equal.

Class II.—Hibbard and McRae, equal; Smart.

Class III.—Boyd; Shulemson; Brady; Baker; Tartak; Giles.

Course 2.

Class I.—Balfour and Walker, equal; Goodwin; Hurd; F. Salomon; Hay; Hetherington; Patterson.

Class II.—Cherry; Taylor and Greer, equal.

Class III.—None.

DEPARTMENT OF ORIENTAL LANGUAGES.—Course 1: Hebrew.

Class I.—None.

Class II.—Taylor.

Class III.—Bennett.

GLEE CLUB PRACTICE.

The Glee Club held a well-balanced practice last evening in the Union Hall. Two hours were spent in solid practice. Parts which presented difficulty were gone over repeatedly until each man had thoroughly mastered his part. Each piece was sung for the benefit of the majority by a selected quartette unaccompanied. This served to emphasize the hidden beauties of each piece.

The club will hold its next practice as usual, next Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

SAFE ARRIVAL OF SCI. '15 MAN.

Word has just been received from Harold Chisholm, Sci. '15, of his safe arrival in England. He enlisted in the R.F.C. during the summer, and after getting his commission as a Sub Flight-Lieut., proceeded overseas.

WHAT'S ON.

TO-DAY.

9.00 a.m.—Class hockey practices commence.
 1.00 p.m.—American Club Picture.
 4.30 p.m.—Societe Francaise in R. V. C.
 5.00 p.m.—Meeting of Union House Committee.
 8.00 p.m.—Meeting of Historical Club in Strathcona Hall.

COMING.

Jan. 24.—Debate under auspices of Literary and Debating Society, 8.00 p.m.
 Jan. 25.—Meeting of Medical Society, 8.15 p.m.
 Jan. 25.—Dr. Jessie Allyn, from India, will address Y. W. C. A. at R. V. C., at 5 p.m.
 Jan. 25.—Skating Party and Dance, 8 p.m.
 Jan. 25.—Meeting of Y.M.C.A., 5 p.m.
 Jan. 25.—Meeting of McGill Physical Society.
 Jan. 27.—David Porter addresses students in Union.
 Jan. 28.—McGill vs. Vickers at the Victoria Rink.
 Jan. 29.—Glee Club practice, 8 p.m.
 Feb. 2.—Medical Society Dinner.

FINE ADDRESS BY DR. COLBY LAST NIGHT

Spoke Before McGill Alumni Society in R. V. C.

"RANSACKS THE AGES."

Discontents of To-day Derived from Steam Engine and "Contrat Sociale."

An extremely interesting lecture was given in the Royal Victoria College yesterday evening by Dr. Colby, of the McGill Department of History. This was the second of a series of lectures held under the auspices of the McGill Alumni Society for the benefit of our wounded soldiers.

Miss Cameron gave a few words of introduction, saying that since Dr. Leacock had explained quite clearly, in the first lecture of this series, what a chairman was for, she would not attempt to make a speech, or even to introduce a lecturer as well known to us as Dr. Colby.

Dr. Colby opened his address by saying that the title of this lecture was a borrowed one—borrowed from Edmund Burke's treatment of Discontent. According to Burke there are two kinds of discontent, one petty and one noble. Dr. Colby said that his aim was to discuss the great world discontent—not such as ours when the water-pipe bursts at 3 a.m.

In order to get the proper perspective of these present day discontents it is necessary for us to consider carefully their background and foreground, and to trace their origin in past centuries. Burke, in his essay, treats only of political unrest, never of social, and his discontents are purely English. He shows clearly the difference between British and German party systems, and attempts to analyze the party system of his day, at a time when it was being agitated that the King should appoint his ministers regardless of class.

Two events threw great light on our present discontents, and are the original source of these. The Seven Years' War ended in 1763. This was the year in which Rousseau published his "Contrat Sociale," and the year in which James Watt patented his steam engine. These two facts have so changed this world that it is impossible for us now to limit our discussion to political discontent or unrest. "Yeast" was the name of a work of Kingsley's, published at the same time, and Rousseau's book might well have borne that title. It's first great product was the American Declaration of Independence, and its second the French Declaration of the Rights of Men.

The steam engine has revolutionized society. Through it chiefly Great Britain has gained her wealth, and through it the working people have gained the power of demanding their rights.

The characteristic discontents of to-day are derived from the steam engine and the "Contrat Sociale." Four hundred years ago the distinctive difficulties were those originated by Luther. Lowell, in one of his essays

(Continued on Page 2.)

NEXT SKATING PARTY TO BE FRIDAY NIGHT

Students' Council Have Made Necessary Arrangements for Second Event.

The second of the series of Skating Parties and Dances, under the auspices of the Students' Council will be held on Friday next, Jan. 25th, 1918. The arrangements will be practically the same as those in force at the first event, with the exception that skating will be started sharp on time and the slight delay during refreshments will be done away with. This will allow the dancing to start sharp on time.

Students are again reminded that they are expected to provide their own partners, and that outsiders will be admitted provided that they are introduced by either a member of the Students' Society or a member of the Royal Victoria College Undergraduate Society.

Tickets will be placed on sale to-day, and may be obtained from the office or the Hall Porter in the Union. The price of tickets is \$1.00 per couple to non-members of the Campus Rink, and fifty cents per couple to holders of season tickets. A large number of students are expected to take advantage of this event, as there are no examinations to interfere with the attendance.



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FIRST DEBATE WILL BE TO-MORROW NIGHT

Arrangements Complete for Debate on "Socialism" — Refreshments to be Served.

To-morrow evening the Literary and Debating Society will give every student in the University an opportunity of listening to and taking part in a most important discussion, viz., the effect of socialism on after the war problems.

There can be no doubt about it, that the civilized world will have to deal with some very serious problems after the war. A complete rearrangement of a great many of our cherished customs will take place—autocracy must go, and the will of the people be supreme.

Just how far this shall go, and in what manner it shall take place is improbable, and many factors will enter. One of the most important factors in shaping the course of future events will be socialism. Ac-

(Continued on Page 2.)

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McGill Daily

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MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1918.

THE LITERARY AND DEBATING SOCIETY.

We would like to bring to the attention of the students the notice posted by the Literary and Debating Society to the effect that the first debate will be held on Thursday night. It is indeed gratifying to know that this Society has arranged a definite schedule for the remainder of the session.

Last year a great deal of interest was taken in the debates which were held from time to time, and those who helped in the debating as well as those who attended the debates found they had received some real benefit from them. This year, although late in starting, the committee have planned an even more interesting series of events than last year.

There is no society connected with the University which deserves more the whole-hearted support of the student body than the "Lit." It is one from which the students will derive more personal benefit, perhaps, than from any other.

The men who will speak to-morrow night are seasoned debaters, and it is felt that they are especially fitted to deal with this most timely subject. Those who attend to-morrow night will go away feeling that they have not only enjoyed the evening, but that they have learnt something about Socialism which is widely discussed to-day in view of the present movement in that line.

Let everyone come out, then, to-morrow night, and let the executive of the "Lit." see that their efforts are not in vain, that the students are behind them and intend to help in every way in making their plans a success.

USE THE UNDERGRADUATE'S MIND

In certain of the History courses in the University, what may be called the laboratory method of instruction is used. The text-book is a collection of the documents from which the history of the period is written, and the students go through the same process of analysis of the material as do the writers on the subject. Of necessity, the men are guided in this work by the instructor in charge. He indicates the proper method of study, tells where further information may be found, and in general attempts to co-ordinate the separate ideas to be found in the course. The intention is to make the student do the work; to make him think for himself, not merely memorize a set assignment of ideas thought out and presented by another. Of course, this plan is incorporated in the Science and Mathematics courses, and in some others, but it could be incorporated in more, and the advantages are such that it should be seriously considered.

This method of training is eminently adapted to the classical education. The usual justification of such an education is that it trains the mind. Certainly, it teaches nothing practical—does not profess to do so. What better way to train the mind than the laboratory method of instruction? The information gained from most of the courses in the University is usually soon forgotten—frequently on the day following the examination. But if the man has learned the facts from the original documents, and has for himself worked out the implications of those facts, he is much more likely to remember what he has learned, and certainly has received a kind of instruction far better than mere memorizing will ever be. Probably not so much ground will be covered if this method of teaching is generally adopted, but that is a disadvantage far outweighed by the advantages of the system. A little information thoroughly acquired is far more valuable than a lot of information that will soon be forgotten; and thought, even if it sometimes leads to false conclusions, is a commodity so precious that much is to be sacrificed to secure it.

It may be hoped that this method of instruction may be an inducement to scholarly study as a career. It is impossible to know what a fascinating study Mediaeval History is if one has never read any of the documents—and many who take courses in that subject may never have and never will. Give a man something concrete like a story, or the expense account of a manor, something that shows the people of this ancient period were human like himself, and he is much more interested than he is in a dry exposition of the principles and practices of feudalism.

The principal value, however, of this way of teaching a subject is that it makes the student think. It has been observed that brains are not highly rated on Wall Street, but only the ability to apply them. So it is with facts. It is always easy enough to find facts on which to base thought, but intelligence is required in properly using these facts.—Daily Princetonian.

FIRST DEBATE WILL BE TOMORROW NIGHT.
(Continued from Page 1.)

According to many it will work the miracle and bring peace and contentment to a world where selfishness, lust, and inequality have reigned supreme since time immemorial.

This view of the question will be upheld by Messrs. Mergler and Kline-

berg, and if one can judge from previous efforts, these gentlemen will certainly leave no stone unturned to convince their audience as to the efficacy of socialism in solving the vexed problems that will arise.

However, they will have to put up some very conclusive arguments, for Messrs. Aylen and Adair are both as firmly convinced that socialism would be a most unwise thing to adopt,

HOCKEY HOURS HAVE NOW BEEN ARRANGED

Various Teams Have Been Assigned Hours on the Campus Rink.

The hockey authorities have just drawn up the schedule for the hours at which the different years may make use of the campus rink. The schedule provides for two practices for each team before the games commence, allowing ample opportunity for the managers to turn out a ship-shape line.

The hours are:

Wednesday, Jan. 23.

1 to 2 p.m.—1st Year Arts.
2 to 3 p.m.—4th Year Med.
3 to 4 p.m.—3rd Year Arts.
7 to 8 p.m.—2nd Year Med.
8 to 9 p.m.—2nd Year Arts.
9 to 10 p.m.—1st Year Science.

Thursday, Jan. 24.

2 to 3 p.m.—4th Year Science.
7 to 8 p.m.—3rd Year Med.
8 to 9 p.m.—1st Year Med.

Friday, Jan. 25.

11 to 12 a.m.—3rd Year Science.
2 to 3 p.m.—1st Year Science.

Saturday, Jan. 26.

9 to 10 a.m.—2nd Year Arts.
10 to 11 a.m.—3rd Year Arts.
11 to 12 a.m.—4th Year Med.

Monday, Jan. 28.

7 to 8 p.m.—2nd Year Med.
8 to 9 p.m.—1st Year Med.
9 to 10 p.m.—1st Year Arts.

Tuesday, Jan. 29.

9 to 11 a.m.—2nd Year Science.
2 to 3 p.m.—4th Year Science.
7 to 8 p.m.—3rd Year Med.
8 to 9 p.m.—3rd Year Science.

The first schedule game will take place on Wednesday, Jan. 30, from 7 to 8 p.m. Schedule of games to be announced later.

Taking the viewpoint of the different managers, some years will have to make an extra effort if they wish to present a regular team. The hockey club provides the opportunity to make a very successful hockey season. It is the duty of every man in the University who can handle a stick to get out for the practices, and help his class. There are far more men who are able to play hockey than rugby, and if they will only turn out for the teams, we are assured that the hockey schedule will bring out many royal games, which will equal or excel the games of the fall.

FINE ADDRESS BY DR. COLBY LAST NIGHT.
(Continued from Page 1.)

touched on the differences between Luther's day and ours; then men thought only of their soul's salvation, now they think of things which are of economic interest. The Thirteenth Century marks the culmination of the "Age of Faith"; it was characterized by its Gothic cathedrals and the "Divine Comedy"; then man was not tempted to think chiefly of material things, because his power over nature was very slight. Considering the railroads, factories, etc., it is not strange that we have become materialized, such are the conditions under which the past four generations have been working. The political watchword of the thirteenth century was "loyalty" rather than "freedom," as it is now. This was possible before the invention of the steam engine, but this last necessitated the establishment of the factory system. "Socialists have not the monopoly of discontents," declared Dr. Colby. Present discontent has three divisions, political, social and moral discontent. As regards political discontent, the outstanding feature now lies in the fact that the most of the highly civilized races are fighting for a highly civilized ideal—an ideal that stands in opposition to two less civilized ideals, firstly the German ideal

After these men have opened the discussion, every student will be given the opportunity of expressing his views on the subject.

No doubt many new theories will be put forth so don't let the chance slip by, of urging the adoption of some new principle that will be a panacea for all our present ills.

Last, but not least, refreshments will be served, which no doubt will add to the enjoyment of the evening.

R. V. C. NOTES.

Those who are interested in India and things Oriental, will not have to be urged to come to a meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association, to be held in the Common Room of the Royal Victoria College on Friday afternoon, at five o'clock, because the special attraction of this meeting is that Dr. Jessie Allyn is to speak about her work as a medical missionary in India. Those who have not yet realized that there is much of interest, and much of charm about this country, will find, if they come to the meeting, that they will spend a most delightful hour. This meeting should be especially profitable for McGill students, because it is in Ceylon that Mr. Murray Brooks, and Mr. Gordon Brown are carrying on their splendid work in the "McGill Mission." Dr. Allyn will bring us a message from Ceylon, as well as tell us about her special work.

Another reason why we should avail ourselves of this opportunity of hearing about India is because India is a great country of the British Empire, and the Indian Armies are helping the Allies to win this war. Will you come on Friday?

At a meeting of R. V. C. '20 held yesterday, Fanny Novick and Isabel Robertson were elected to take part in the coming Senior-Sophomore debate.

The first re-union of the Societe Francaise for this year will be held this afternoon, at 4.30, in the Common Room of the R.V.C. The Societe will have as its guests the members of the Cercle Francais. French games will be played, and tea will be served. There will also be especially good music.

There will be a meeting of the R. V. C. Athletic Association to-morrow at one o'clock, in the Common Room.

THE MENORAH SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Menorah Society was held on Jan. 22, at the Royal Victoria College. Mr. Alexander Sacke gave an interesting talk on the "Zionist Perspective." He claims that the war will solve the Jewish problem, and that Palestine will once more become the centre of Jewish life.

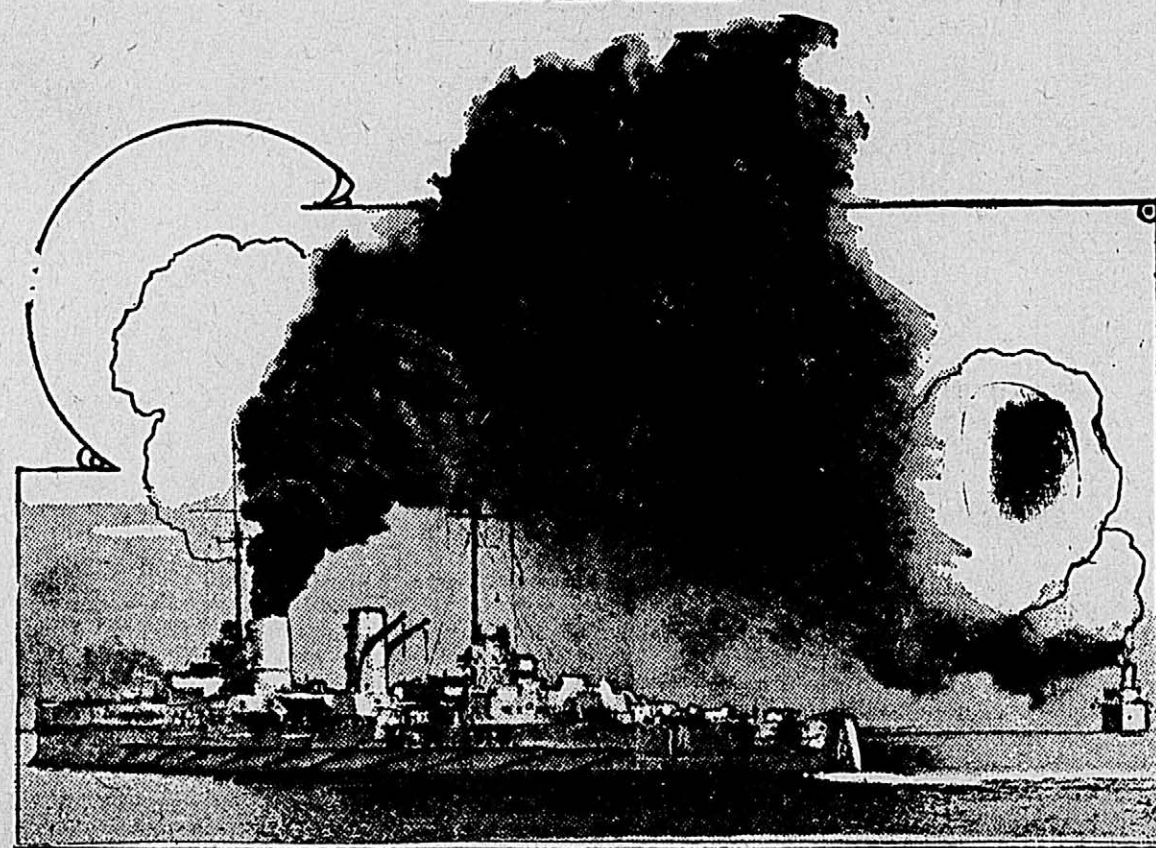
The safety of the world, he said, cannot be secured without the safety of the small nations. It is because President Wilson protected the weak and the downtrodden that America was enabled to take part in this war.

The Jews, who have been the humblest of all peoples, who above all other nations have been downtrodden in the different countries, are now beginning to lift their heads. In reality it is Zionism that has made the Jewish cause a world cause. The Jewish genius has not played out. Give it room and scope and it will develop. The Jewish Mission, he went on to say, is to save itself, and so to save the world. It will introduce the east to the west, as it already did in changing the malaria regions of Pethack Takvah in establishing vineyards and villages; and in doing splendid work in the line of agriculture.

of world domination; and secondly the ideal of autocratic government as expressed by Bismarck. The autocracy of the Berlin government has been derived from two sources, firstly the Junkers, and secondly the National Liberals. Nothing so materialistic has ever been attempted before as Germany's attempt at dominating the world. The war is being fought by the Germans in a less civilized way than has been the case in any other war for centuries. The German ambition is one that would not have been so bad in the time of the old Romans as it is now. The present war is a colossal police operation that must be continued until success is assured.

The position of liberalism has been in a more precarious condition lately than it ever was in the days of Waterloo. Under modern conditions a small number of people, when in control of a centralized military system, can operate it successfully against a vast number of opponents. We can only destroy the Hohenzollern theory of state by adopting what seems like a part of their militarism. One thing we can learn from the Germans, that is, to make larger sacrifices for our country, that is, sacrifices larger than were ours before.

ENDS HER CAREER.



The Goeben (now the Sultan Selim), has met her fate at last in the Dardanelles.

ANNUAL BOARD HELD MEETING LAST NIGHT

Much Important Business Discussed and Lengthy Debate Indulged In.

Last night the regular meeting of the Annual Board was held in the R. V. C., and some important business was brought up for discussion. The question of the make-up for the Annual was treated at some length, and a temporary list was drawn up. It was decided to include a write-up of the McGill Union, in addition to the space allotted to the House Committee. The matter of the dedication, it was finally determined, should be shelved until a later meeting.

The running of reading matter side by side with the advertisements was discussed, and it was decided that some other matter than the Honour Roll should be used for this purpose. Two excellent proposals were entertained without a definite result being reached. It was settled that the various athletic features should be run under a common heading, and that the many clubs and societies should be similarly grouped.

The "biographies" were then discussed, and considerable difference of opinion was apparent in the minds of the various members present concerning the proper idea of a "biography." In this discussion, J. M. Frawley distinguished himself highly. After an exceedingly lengthy talk, a decision was reached to the effect that the various activities indulged in by the subjects of the biographies should be included in the write-ups, but taking a place inferior in importance to more original matter.

As signs of mental and physical weariness were beginning to manifest themselves in more than one of the board, it was at last moved and seconded that the meeting adjourn, the motion being carried without any dissenting voice.

fore the war.

Dr. Colby next dealt with social discontents, stating that industrialism demands that the working classes share in the privileges of the higher classes. The vaudeville definition of a socialist is not a complete statement of the case—"a socialist is one who, having something, wants to share it with everybody." We must adopt a one-sided opinion in regard to socialism—"a robust impartiality." There are many divisions of socialists, and their methods vary greatly (as, for example, the socialist parties of Russia).

Socialism is characterized by a wish for equal distribution of goods; it is not characterized by lack of religion, for there are many Christian socialists. Because the "national workshops" of 1848 in Paris failed, we must not judge the attempts of the Bolsheviks after them. Socialists seem to take for granted that people have a greater share of virtues than is credited to them by others. In a democracy self-control and public spirit are vitally necessary. Socialism would therefore demand infinitely more of these two. In times past the human race has derived immense benefit from its natural leaders. Socialism must not be considered by its upholders as the universal nostrum for ills—which will act automatically. The war is on the whole strengthening socialist tendencies greatly, and thus the greater spirit of unrest arises. The very rapid increase of the world's population is also a cause of this unrest. Mr. Hutchison has said that in the year 2100 the great Armageddon will come—for by that time the world will have 6,000,000,000 inhabitants.

It seems that now there is a subsidence of a frontal attack on religion and religious works. In Lord Morley's "Recollections," we see the mid-Victorian spirit of free inquiry exercised in good faith by reverent men and women radicals. Present day periodicals show how general interest has turned from religion, ethics, and so on, to discussions of municipal organizations, social industries, etc.

In conclusion, Dr. Colby said that the only people who can be comfortable at this time are chastened optimists and cheerful pessimists. The world is not on the point of going on the rocks as the Roman Empire did. Soon all nations, urged on by increasing population, will be rid of the no-

The Royal Military College of Canada.

THESE are few national institutions of more value and interest to the country than the Royal Military College of Canada. Notwithstanding this, its object and the work it is accomplishing are not sufficiently understood by the general public.

The College is a Government Institution, designed primarily for the purpose of giving instructions in all branches of military science to Cadets and Officers of the Canadian Militia. In fact, it corresponds to Woolwich and Sandhurst.

The Commandant and Military Instructors are all officers on the active list of the Imperial army, lent for the purpose, and there is in addition a complete staff of professors for the civil subjects which form such an important part of the College course. Medical attendance is also provided.

Strictly military basis the cadets receive a practical and scientific training in subjects essential to a sound modern education.

The course includes a thorough grounding in Mathematics, Civil Engineering, Surveying, Physics, Chemistry, French and English.

Whilst the College is organized on a strictly military basis, the cadets receive a practical and scientific training in subjects essential to a sound modern education. The diploma of graduation is considered by the authorities conducting the examination for Dominion Land Survey degree, and by the Regulations of the same exemptions as a B.A. degree. The length of the course is three years in three terms of 9½ months each.

The total cost of the course, including board, uniform, instruction, material, and all extras is about \$900. The annual competitive examination for admission to the College takes place in June of each year, at the headquarters of the several military districts.

For full particulars regarding this examination and for any other information, application should be made to the secretary of the Militia Council, Ottawa, Ont., or to the Commandant, Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont.

YOUR PRESCRIPTION OUR ACCURACY

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tion of world domination. Co-operation and good faith on the part of those men of every country who are born leaders will be required from the end of the war on. World politics must thus be put on a plane of reason and progress.

One force above all others must make for good government in all parts of the world—the memory of the young life that has been poured forth in this struggle. Not to be worthy of their deeds is to be guilty of what Dante designated as the greatest sin—ingratitude. Let Canada hope that from the graves of her heroes may arise the resolve to face the future with a consciousness that their deeds were not done without avail.

Miss Cameron thanked Dr. Colby in the name of the Society for "ransacking the ages," and giving his audience this very interesting address.

The next lecture of this series will be given by Mr. Walker on Feb. 5, his subject being "The American Navy." Another organization, the McGill Women's Union, will have the pleasure of listening to an address by the Rev. Geo. Adam, the subject being, "With Harry Lauder at the Front." The lecture will be given for the benefit of the Union.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

DEPARTMENT OF COLONIZATION, MINES AND FISHERIES.
The chief minerals of the Province of Quebec are Asbestos, Chromite, Copper, Iron, Gold, Molybdenite, Phosphate, Mica, Graphite, Ornamental and Building Stone, Clays, Etc.

The Mining Law gives absolute security of Title and is very favourable to the Prospector.

MINERS' CERTIFICATES.

First of all, obtain a miner's certificate from the Department in Quebec, or from the nearest agent. The price of this certificate is \$10.00, and it is valid until the first of January following. This certificate gives the right to prospect on public lands and on private lands, on which the mineral rights belong to the Crown.

The holder of this certificate may stake mining claims to the extent of 200 acres.

WORKING CONDITIONS.

During the first six months following the staking of the claim, work on it must be performed to the extent of at least twenty-five days of eight hours.

SIX MONTHS AFTER STAKING.

At the expiration of six months from the date of the staking, the prospector, to retain his rights, must take out a mining license.

MINING LICENSE.

The mining license may cover 40 to 200 acres in unsurveyed territory. The price of this license is Fifty Cents an acre per year, and a fee of \$10.00 on issue. It is valid for one year, and is renewable on the same terms, on producing an affidavit that during the year work has been performed to the extent of at least twenty-five days' labor on each forty acres.

MINING CONCESSION.

Notwithstanding the above, a mining concession may be acquired at any time at the rate of \$5.00 an acre for SUPERIOR METALS, and \$3.00 an acre for INFERIOR MINERALS.

The attention of prospectors is especially called to the territory in the North-Western part of the Province of Quebec, north of the height of land where important mineralized belts are known to exist.

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Special arrangements have been made with the POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL of LAYAL UNIVERSITY, 228 ST. DENIS STREET, MONTREAL, for the analysis of minerals at very reduced rates for the benefit of miners and prospectors in the Province of Quebec. The well equipped laboratories of this institution and its trained chemists ensure results of undoubted integrity and reliability.

The Bureau of Mines at Quebec will give all the information desired in connection with the mines and mineral resources of the Province, on application addressed to

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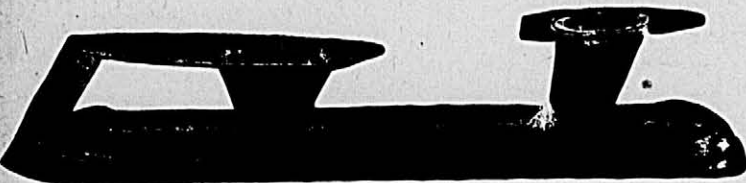
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McGill's Opportunity in Ceylon

As a result of M. G. Brooks's visit to Canada last year, the McGill Mission was organized with a view of making Ceylon entirely a McGill centre. McGill has now two representatives in Ceylon, M. G. Brooks, '08, National Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., on the island, and Dr. Gordon Brown, Arts '04, Sci '08, Yale '16. The following is a brief exposition of McGill's work in Ceylon.

To influence not less than 500 million people toward a higher life out of their present condition of ignorance, vice, superstition, moral degradation and social bondage, is the opportunity which McGill has through the work of the Young Men's Christian Association in Ceylon. Because of its unique strategic situation, its superior Western civilization, its large percentage of Christians, its splendid resources in men and money, this little island of 4 million people holds the key to the whole southern portion of the great continent of Asia. From this centre, centuries ago Buddhist Missionaries were sent out to Burmah, Siam, Sumatra, Java and even as far as China and Japan, and there exercised a great influence in spreading the religion of Gautama the Buddha. We may be quite sure that when Christianity has firmly fastened its roots in the soil there and has gained a strong hold on the hearts of a sufficient number of the population that history will repeat itself and that large numbers of Christian leaders will be sent to these same lands to win them for the Kingdom of Christ.

The Y. M. C. A. in Ceylon.

The work of the Young Men's Christian Association in Ceylon, is essentially a work of training Christian leaders. By means of its special facilities young men are given a training for a life of Christian service such as can be obtained under no better auspices. In the great war work which has been done for the Indian troops in France, Mesopotamia, Egypt, East Africa and elsewhere, over 100 Indian and Ceylonese Secretaries have taken their places alongside the American, English and Canadian Secretaries. For the most part they are University graduates, men of culture and Christian refinement, men who are leaders in every sense. When the war is over these men are ready to take places of large responsibility in the Indian and Ceylonese Church, and will be a great influence.

The Ceylonese in the Army.

The people have in them rare gifts of leadership, and of loyalty to a cause once they are enlisted under its banner. Those who have gone to fight in France have conducted themselves admirably. Several have been given commissions in the British Army, and a number have been recommended for distinction.

In working with men of this kind we are not dealing in mere addition but in multiplication. McGill is multiplying her civilizing and Christianizing influence in the world by the men who have gone forth from her halls to work for these men in less favoured lands than our own. The opportunity is one which we ought to use to the full extent of our powers.

Will McGill, as ever in the van, rise to this new great opportunity and fulfil her obligations to provide the necessary staff and their support for the entire work of the Young Men's Christian Association in Ceylon?

The McGill Mission, which has now been called into being, is charged with the responsibility of securing the necessary funds for carrying on the above-named limited work. The interest and financial support of all loyal McGill men is earnestly solicited in this unique enterprise in Christian Missionary activity.

SAVING IN NEWSPAPER DISCUSSED.

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Proposed government control of the news print paper industry was argued in the Senate recently, with Senator Harding, an Ohio publisher, leading the opposition. He counselled economy of consumption and attacked the plan as socialistic.

Under a unanimous consent agreement a final vote on the print paper resolution will be taken on Thursday.

Beginning at 2 p.m., debate will be limited to 10 minutes and a vote on the final passage taken as soon thereafter as possible.

Speaking in support of the resolution, Senator Thomas said: "I believe private operation of business at all times is eminently preferable to government control, but I believe that government control is necessary in certain instances, and this is one."

Profiteers who take advantage of the war to make large sums of money out of war necessities were denounced by the Colorado Senator.

"AN ALIEN ENEMY."

"They call me John here because they can't say my real name. Today I go to work on the docks, like I do yesterday, and the boss he say to us, 'You no got 'Merican papers. You can no work after this. You go.' So I come away, and now I can no get work till the war stops. It is funny!" The man laughed carelessly.

They were intent on the crowded street beneath the window.

"Why haven't you your papers; where do you come from?" I asked.

"I come from Austria five years ago on boats to South 'Merica and now I'm here." With a slight shrug of his big shoulders he turned from the window to the hot stove and a kettle of steaming meat, his noonday meal. As he lifted it from the stove I noted his brawny arms. I wondered by what incongruity of circumstances this man had come to a crowded New York tenement in the summer of 1917.

"Why not try to get your American papers?"

He turned to me fiercely almost stepping on a dirty little girl who was playing on the floor with a mangle kitten. "Papers! What for do I want papers?" he demanded.

"Don't you want to be an American?"

With a glance of scorn about the cramped filthy room he said roughly, "Merican. No! What for do I want to be 'Merican? I want to go back to my own country. Don't you want to go back to your country?" He leaned over the kitchen table, his bulky figure seeming for the moment to blot out everything else in the room.

"Why, this is my country." John looked puzzled. "Were you born here?" he asked doubtfully.

"Yes."

"Father and Mother born here?"

"Yes."

Then triumphantly, "Grandfather wasn't born here, was he?"

"Yes, he was," I explained. "You see, my ancestors came over from England originally."

A great light seemed to dawn on him and in relieved tones he said, "Ah, I see! You're for England. You'd be for England before you'd be for the United States, wouldn't you?"

It was futile to explain that there are persons who despite their British ancestry are for America first, so I laughed and said, "Is that the way you feel about us?"

"What? I no understand."

"Why, wouldn't you want to fight if it would save your home and country, and all the good in the world besides?"

"But it is—the government that say that. It is not true I say—it will not please the government. Why for should I kill you and you kill me? What good does that do? But that is what the government say. It is smart. It makes us poor people do what it want. All I want is a job. My money last me one month, maybe two. After that if I get no job, I rob. What else can I do?"

As I was passing the tenement three days later, the little girl, who had been present at our conversation, ran out to meet me.

"John's gone," she announced breathlessly.

"Gone," I repeated. "Gone where?"

"At the saloon last night he got in a fight with an Italian over the war and tried to kill him. A policeman came and took them both away. Do you think he'll ever come back?"—The Amherst Monthly.

COLLEGE CLASSES OPENED TO WOMEN.

City of New York Institution, Hitherto for Men Only, Makes a New Departure — Zone System Being Considered.

NEW YORK, N.Y.—One more New York institution has capitulated to the ideals of democracy. The College of the City of New York, which has existed hitherto for men only, has now opened the doors of certain of its class rooms to women who are properly equipped to enter them and will give them credit for work done in these classes. They may register on and after Jan. 28 for evening classes which open Feb. 13. Women are to be admitted also to the summer classes of the college.

The reason given for this new departure is that a number of Brooklyn women vainly attempted to register for the last term, and that some 500 women have been taking the courses offered and doing all the work, but have been denied any credit. No tuition fees are to be required of them, as none are paid by the men. Women, however, who cannot pass the entrance requirements, are to be allowed to take the courses they wish upon the payment of small fees.

An official announcement issued by the college authorities states that this admission of women to the evening classes on the same basis as men opens a big vista in education in New York for which women have long been eager. They add that the departments of vocational subjects and civic administration have attained a phenomenal growth, and that now women will be enabled to profit by the advantages which they offer.

It is also announced that President Sidney E. Mezes, of the College of the City of New York, has been authorized to confer with President Davis of Hunter College, an institution for women, concerning courses which may be made interchangeable. A zone system is being considered by means of which the women students at Hunter College may take certain courses at the City College when their own institution does not offer similar ones. The A. B. degree, for which the women may work, will, however, be conferred by Hunter College.

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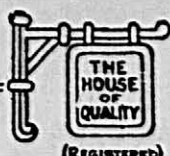
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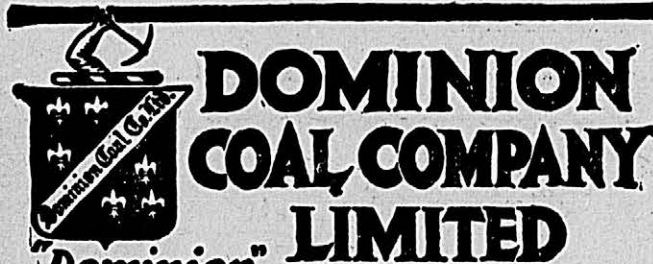
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—By Jello

You hear this most any place:
"Hello. Oh, yes."
"Why no, I haven't."
"Where did you say?"
"Oh, yes, I'd love to go."
"What time did you say?"
"Oh, who did you say this was speaking?"

A NEW VERSION.

Mary had a little lamb,
You've heard that fact before;
But have you heard she passed her plate,
And had a little more?

Enthusiastic he—"She was as irresistible as a five-dollar bill on the sidewalk."
Sarcastic she—"You simply had to pick her up, huh?"

LET'S FLY.

Biff—They say that the French aviators drink while flying.
Bang—Aren't they afraid of taking a drop too much?

BOTH WINDOWS QUICK.

"How did you like my new song?"
"It needs ventilation."
"In what way?"
"The air is bad."

I dearly love to travel;
It really must be nice.
I'd like to go to (the) Tokio,
But I haven't got the price.

SAYINGS OF SOLOMON.

Take a four years' loaf, and you're college bred.

POOR WILLIE.

Our Willie was a clever lad,
But still he didn't know
That people use a trolley wire
To make a trolley go.
Inquisitive, he grasped a wire
Suspended overhead;
Alas! the wire—it was alive,
And Willie—he was dead.

HOPEFUL.

Grouch: "I'll teach you to kiss my daughter."
Optimist: "Thank you, sir."

Y. M. C. SEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING.

The seventh Annual Meeting of the National Council of Young Men's Christian Associations of Canada will be held here on January 23rd and 24th.

The matter of finances to cover the next fiscal year to carry on the work of the Young Men's Christian Associations in Canada and overseas will be gone into as well as the programme of service to be undertaken for the ensuing twelve months.

Plans will be discussed for the handling of the Khaki University now in operation behind the lines, but which will be greatly augmented for the demobilization period.

The work of the Association is of such tremendous importance that this conference will rank as one of, if not the outstanding councils yet held by the Y. M. C. A. in Canada.

NOTICES

HISTORICAL CLUB.

The next meeting of the above club will take place to-night, at Strathcona Hall at 8 p.m. The subject is "Darwin," and W. W. Beattie, B.A., is the speaker. The Annual dues will be payable at this meeting. A full turn-out of all members is requested.

PHYSICAL SOCIETY.

The next meeting of the McGill Physical Society will be held in the Macdonald Physics Building on Friday, January 25th, at 5 p.m. Mr. G. H. Henderson will give a paper on "Recent Research on the Active Deposits of Radium, Thorium and Actinium." Everyone is invited to be present.

MED. '21 HOCKEY.

There will be a practice of the Med. '21 hockey team from 7 to 8 this evening. All men are asked to make it a point to get out and try to make the team.

CERCLE FRANCAIS.

The members of the "Cercle" are reminded that they are invited to attend a meeting of the "Societe Francophone," this afternoon, at half-past four, in the Royal Victoria College.

ARTS '20 HOCKEY.

Every man is expected to turn out to-night from 8 to 9 o'clock for hockey practice. It is important that a sufficiently large number be out to provide a stiff work-out, so come along.

AMERICAN CLUB PICTURE.

The Executive of the American Club will please present themselves at Gordon's Studio to-day at 1.00 p.m. to have their picture taken for the Annual. Those to be present are Messrs. E. A. Livingstone, Karnes, Mouquin and Monahan.

(Continued on Page 3.)

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